

Interleukin-33 C-Terminal Human, Recombinant, *E. coli* Fragment

Cat. No.: RCP9414 **Size**: 10μg

Synonym: Interleukin 33; Nuclear factor from high endothelial

venules; NFHEV, Chromosone 9 open reading frame 26;

C9ORF26; Interleukin-1 family member 11; IL-1F11.

Description: Interleukin 33 (IL-33) is a proimflammatory cytokine belonging to the IL-1

family. IL-33 is cleaved *in vivo*, generating an N terminal and a C terminal fragment. The C terminal fragment corresponds to the mature IL-33 protein and mediates its biological effect by interacting with the IL-1 receptor, also known as ST2. Binding of mature IL-33 to this receptor activates NF-kappa-B and MAP kinases and induces the production of associated cytokines in particular IL-4, IL-5 and IL-13 causing severe pathological changes in mucosal

organs.

RANDOX recombinant Interleukin-33 comprises a 159 amino acid fragment (112-270) corresponding to C terminal Interleukin-33 fragment coding sequence and is expressed in *E. coli* with an amino-terminal hexahistidine tag. This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic or therapeutic use.

Form: Liquid.

Supplied in 1x Laemmli Buffer (25mM Tris-HCl pH6.8,

50mM DTT, 1% (w/v) SDS, 0.1% (w/v) Bromophenol Blue,

2.5% Glycerol).

Purity: Single band on Western blot.

References: Schmitz J. et al. (2005), Immunity. **23(5):** 479-90.

